${\bf S.62 - SH\&W \ strike-all \ amendment \ with \ additional \ amendments \ in} $$ bold/strikethrough$

1	Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. chapter 231 is amended to read:
2	CHAPTER 231. ADVANCE DIRECTIVES FOR
3	HEALTH CARE AND, DISPOSITION OF REMAINS,
4	AND SURROGATE DECISION MAKING
5	§ 9700. PURPOSE AND POLICY
6	The state State of Vermont recognizes the fundamental right of an adult to
7	determine the extent of health care the individual will receive, including
8	treatment provided during periods of incapacity and at the end of life. This
9	chapter enables adults to retain control over their own health care through the
10	use of advance directives, including appointment of an agent and directions
11	regarding health care and disposition of remains. During periods of incapacity
12	the decisions by the agent shall be based on the express instructions, wishes, o
13	beliefs of the individual, to the extent those can be determined. This chapter
14	also allows, in limited circumstances in which a patient without capacity has
15	neither an agent nor a guardian, for a surrogate to provide or withhold consent
16	on the patient's behalf for a do-not-resuscitate order or clinician order for
17	<u>life-sustaining treatment.</u>
18	§ 9701. DEFINITIONS
19	As used in this chapter:

1	* * *
2	(17) "Informed consent" means the consent given voluntarily by an
3	individual with capacity, on his or her own behalf or on behalf of another in
4	the role of an agent, guardian, or surrogate, after being fully informed of the
5	nature, benefits, risks, and consequences of the proposed health care,
6	alternative health care, and no health care.
7	(18) "Interested individual" means:
8	(A) the principal's <u>or patient's</u> spouse, adult child, parent, adult
9	sibling, adult grandchild, reciprocal beneficiary, or clergy person; or
10	(B) any adult who has exhibited special care and concern for the
11	principal or patient and who is personally familiar with the principal's or
12	<u>patient's</u> values.
13	(19) "Life sustaining treatment" means any medical intervention,
14	including nutrition and hydration administered by medical means and
15	antibiotics, which is intended to extend life and without which the principal or
16	patient is likely to die.
17	* * *
18	(31) "DNR/COLST" means a do-not-resuscitate order (DNR) or a
19	clinician order for life-sustaining treatment (COLST), or both.

1	(32) "Surrogate" means an interested individual who provides or
2	withholds, pursuant to subchapter 2 of this chapter, informed consent for a
3	do-not-resuscitate order or a clinician order for life-sustaining treatment.
4	(33) "Suspend" means to terminate the applicability of all or part of an
5	advance directive for a specific period of time or while a specific condition
6	exists.
7	(32)(34) "Patient representative" means the mental health patient
8	representative established by section 7253 of this title.
9	Subchapter 1. Advance Directives and Disposition of Remains
10	§ 9702. ADVANCE DIRECTIVE
11	(a) An adult may do any or all of the following in an advance directive:
12	* * *
13	§ 9708. AUTHORITY AND OBLIGATIONS OF HEALTH CARE
14	PROVIDERS, HEALTH CARE FACILITIES, AND RESIDENTIAL
15	CARE FACILITIES REGARDING DO-NOT-RESUSCITATE <u>DNR</u>
16	ORDERS AND CLINICIAN ORDERS FOR LIFE SUSTAINING
17	TREATMENT COLST
18	(a) As used in this section, "DNR/COLST" shall mean a do not resuscitate
19	order ("DNR") and a clinician order for life-sustaining treatment ("COLST")
20	as defined in section 9701 of this title. [Repealed.]
21	* * *

1	(d) A DNR order must:
2	(1) be signed by the patient's clinician;
3	(2) certify that the clinician has consulted, or made an effort to consult,
4	with the patient, and the patient's agent or guardian, if there is an appointed
5	agent or guardian;
6	(3) include either:
7	(A) the name of the patient; agent; guardian, in accordance with
8	14 V.S.A. § 3075(g); or other individual surrogate giving informed consent for
9	the DNR and the individual's relationship to the patient; or
10	(B) certification that the patient's clinician and one other named
11	clinician have determined that resuscitation would not prevent the imminent
12	death of the patient, should the patient experience cardiopulmonary arrest; and
13	(4) if the patient is in a health care facility or a residential care facility,
14	certify that the requirements of the facility's DNR protocol required by section
15	9709 of this title have been met.
16	(e) A COLST must:
17	(1) be signed by the patient's clinician; and
18	(2) include the name of the patient; agent; guardian, in accordance with
19	14 V.S.A. § 3075(g); or other individual surrogate giving informed consent for
20	the COLST and the individual's relationship to the patient.

1	(f) The Department of Health shall adopt by rule on or before July 1, 2016,
2	criteria for individuals who are not the patient, agent, or guardian, but who are
3	giving informed consent for a DNR/COLST order. The rules shall include the
4	following:
5	(1) other individuals permitted to give informed consent for a
6	DNR/COLST order who shall be a family member of the patient or a person
7	with a known close relationship to the patient; and
8	(2) parameters for how decisions should be made, which shall include at
9	a minimum the protection of a patient's own wishes in the same manner as in
10	section 9711 of this title. [Repealed.]
11	(g) A patient's clinician issuing a DNR/COLST order shall:
12	(1) place a copy of the completed DNR/COLST order in the patient's
13	medical record; and
14	(2) provide instructions to the patient as to the appropriate means of
15	displaying the DNR/COLST order.
16	(h) A clinician who issues a DNR order shall authorize issuance of a DNR
17	identification to the patient. Uniform minimum requirements for DNR
18	identification shall be determined by rule by the Department of Health by rule
19	no later than July 1, 2014 January 1, 2016.
20	* * *
21	§ 9713. IMMUNITY

1	(a) No individual acting as an agent or, guardian, or surrogate shall be
2	subjected to criminal or civil liability for making a decision in good faith
3	pursuant to the terms of an advance directive, or DNR order, or COLST order
4	and the provisions of this chapter.
5	(b)(1) No health care provider, health care facility, residential care facility,
6	or any other person acting for or under such person's control shall, if the
7	provider or facility has complied with the provisions of this chapter, be subject
8	to civil or criminal liability for:
9	(A) providing or withholding treatment or services in good faith
10	pursuant to the direction of a principal or patient, the provisions of an advance
11	directive, a DNR order, a COLST order, a DNR identification, the consent of a
12	principal or patient with capacity or of the principal's or patient's agent or.
13	guardian, or surrogate, or a decision or objection of a principal or patient; or
14	(B) relying in good faith on a suspended or revoked advance
15	directive, suspended or revoked DNR order, or suspended or revoked COLST
16	order, unless the provider or facility knew or should have known of the
17	suspension, or revocation.
18	(2) No $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ funeral director, crematory operator, cemetery official,
19	procurement organization, or any other person acting for or under such
20	person's control, shall, if the director, operator, official, or organization has

complied with the provisions of this chapter, <u>not</u> be subject to civil or criminal

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liability for providing or withholding its services in good faith pursuant to the
provisions of an advance directive, whether or not the advance directive has
been suspended or revoked.

- (3) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to establish immunity for the failure to follow standards of professional conduct and to exercise due care in the provision of services.
- (c) No employee shall be subjected to an adverse employment decision or evaluation for:
- (1) providing Providing or withholding treatment or services in good faith pursuant to the direction of a principal or patient, the provisions of an advance directive, a DNR order, a COLST order, a DNR identification, the consent of the principal or patient with capacity or principal's or patient's agent or, guardian, or surrogate, a decision or objection of a principal or patient, or the provisions of this chapter. This subdivision shall not be construed to establish a defense for the failure to follow standards of professional conduct and to exercise due care in the provision of services;
- (2) relying Relying on an amended, suspended, or revoked advance directive, unless the employee knew or should have known of the amendment, suspension, or revocation; or.
- (3) <u>providing Providing</u> notice to the employer of a moral or other conflict pursuant to subdivision 9707(b)(3) of this title, so long as the

1	employee has provided ongoing health care until a new employee or provider
2	has been found to provide the services.
3	* * *
4	Subchapter 2. Surrogate Consent
5	§ 9731. INFORMED CONSENT BY SURROGATE FOR DNR/COLST
6	<u>ORDER</u>
7	(a)(1) One or more interested individuals may be eligible to act as the
8	surrogate for an adult without capacity in order to provide or withhold
9	informed consent for a do-not-resuscitate order or clinician order for
10	life-sustaining treatment pursuant to this subchapter. Only one surrogate
11	interested individual may act as a surrogate at a time.
12	(2)(A) A patient's health care provider shall not be considered an
13	interested individual and shall not serve as a patient's surrogate to provide or
14	withhold informed consent for a DNR/COLST order pursuant to this chapter
15	unless related to the patient by blood, marriage, civil union, or adoption.
16	(B) The owner, operator, employee, agent, or contractor of a
17	residential care facility, health care facility, or correctional facility in which the
18	patient resides at the time the DNR/COLST order is written shall not be
19	considered an interested individual and shall not act as the patient's surrogate
20	to provide or withhold consent for a DNR/COLST order pursuant to this

1	chapter unless related to the patient by blood, marriage, civil union, or
2	adoption.
3	(b) A surrogate may provide or withhold informed consent only if all of the
4	following conditions are met:
5	(1) the patient's clinician determines that the patient lacks capacity to
6	provide informed consent;
7	(2) the patient has not appointed an agent through an advance directive;
8	(3) the patient has not indicated in an advance directive that the
9	interested individual or individuals seeking to serve as surrogate should not be
10	consulted on health care decisions or otherwise provided instructions in an
11	advance directive contrary to allowing such individual or individuals to serve
12	as surrogate;
13	(4) the patient does not have a guardian who is authorized to make
14	health care decisions; and
15	(5) the patient does not object to the surrogate providing or withholding
16	consent for a DNR/COLST order or to the treatment to be provided
17	pursuant to a DNR/COLST order, even if the patient lacks capacity.
18	(c)(1) A surrogate shall be an interested individual who is designated by the
19	patient by personally informing the patient's clinician. If the patient designates
20	a surrogate to the clinician orally, the clinician shall document the designation
21	in the patient's medical record at the time the designation is made.

1	(2) If the patient has not designated a surrogate pursuant to subdivision
2	(1) of this subsection, or if the surrogate designated by the patient is not
3	reasonably available or is unwilling to serve, then the patient's clinician shall
4	make a reasonable attempt to notify all interested individuals of the need
5	for a surrogate to make a decision regarding whether to provide or
6	withhold consent for a DNR/COLST order. A a surrogate shall be an
7	interested individual who is:
8	(A) willing to provide or withhold informed consent for a
9	DNR/COLST order for the patient in accordance with the patient's wishes and
10	values, if known; and
11	(B) willing and available to consult with the patient's clinician.
12	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this
13	subsection, an individual shall not serve as a surrogate over the patient's
14	objection, even if the patient lacks capacity.
15	(d) The patient's clinician, health care provider, or residential care provider
16	may rely on the decision of a surrogate identified pursuant to this section as
17	long as the clinician or provider documents in the patient's medical record that
18	the surrogate has confirmed that one of the following circumstances applies:
19	(1)(A) All interested individuals agree on the decision to provide or
20	withhold consent for a DNR/COLST order, in which case they shall designate
21	one surrogate, as well as an alternate, if available, who is authorized to provide

1	or withhold consent and whose name will be identified on the DNR/COLST
2	form and in the patient's medical record.
3	(B) All interested individuals agree that a specific interested
4	individual may make the decision regarding whether to provide or withhold
5	consent for a DNR/COLST order, in which case they shall designate the
6	individual as the surrogate, as well as an alternate, if available, who is
7	authorized to provide or withhold consent and whose name will be identified
8	on the DNR/COLST form and in the patient's medical record.
9	(C) The surrogate or alternate, if applicable, is not reasonably
10	available, in which case the clinician shall consult the interested individuals to
11	request designation of another surrogate and alternate.
12	(2) If at any time the interested individuals are unable to agree on the
13	designation of a surrogate, any interested individual an interested person, as
14	defined in 14 V.S.A. § 3061, may file a petition for guardianship in the
15	Probate Division of the Superior Court.
16	(e) A surrogate providing informed consent for a DNR/COLST order shall
17	use substituted judgment consistent with the patient's wishes and values and
18	consistent with the parameters described in subsection 9711(d) of this title.
19	The surrogate shall consult with the patient to the extent possible, and with the
20	patient's clinician and any other appropriate health care providers and shall

1	provide or withhold informed consent for a DNR/COLST order by attempting
2	to determine what the patient would have wanted under the circumstances.
3	(f) The patient's clinician shall make reasonable efforts to inform the
4	patient of any proposed treatment, or of any proposal to withhold or withdraw
5	treatment, based on the decisions made by the surrogate.
6	(g) If the patient's clinician determines that the patient no longer lacks
7	capacity and the DNR/COLST order was based on informed consent provided
8	by a surrogate, the clinician shall seek the informed consent of the patient for
9	any DNR/COLST order, which shall supersede the surrogate's consent.
10	(h) A surrogate shall have the same rights as a patient with capacity would
11	have to the following, to the extent that it is related to providing or withholding
12	informed consent for a DNR/COLST order:
13	(1) request, receive, review, and copy any oral or written information
14	regarding the patient's physical or mental health, including medical and
15	hospital records;
16	(2) participate in any meetings, discussions, or conferences concerning
17	health care decisions related to the patient;
18	(3) consent to the disclosure of health care information; and
19	(4) file a complaint on behalf of the patient regarding a health care
20	provider, health care facility, or residential care facility.
21	Sec. 2. 33 V.S.A. § 7306 is amended to read:

1	§ 7306. RESIDENT'S REPRESENTATIVE
2	(a) The Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the rights and
3	obligations established under this chapter shall devolve to a resident's
4	reciprocal beneficiary, guardian, next of kin, sponsoring agency, or
5	representative payee (except when the facility itself is a representative payee)
6	if the resident:
7	(1) has been adjudicated incompetent;
8	(2) has been found by his or her physician to be medically incapable of
9	understanding or exercising the rights granted under this chapter; or
10	(3) exhibits a communication barrier.
11	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, consent
12	for a do-not-resuscitate order or a clinician order for life-sustaining treatment
13	shall be provided or withheld only by the resident, by the resident's guardian
14	or agent, or by a surrogate designated pursuant to 18 V.S.A. chapter 231,
15	subchapter 2.
16	(c)(1) A resident's representative identified in subsections (a) and (b) of
17	this section shall make decisions for the resident by attempting to determine
18	what the resident would have wanted under the circumstances. In making the
19	determination, the resident's representative shall consider the following:
20	(A) the resident's specific instructions or wishes as expressed to a
21	spouse, adult child, parent, adult sibling, adult grandchild, clergy person,

1	health care provider, or any other adult who has exhibited specific care or
2	concern for the resident; and
3	(B) the representative's knowledge of the resident's personal
4	preferences, values, or religious or moral beliefs.
5	(2) If the resident's representative cannot determine what the resident
6	would have wanted under the circumstances, the representative shall make a
7	determination through an assessment of the resident's best interests. When
8	making a decision for the resident on this basis, the representative shall not
9	authorize the provision or withholding of health care on the basis of the
10	resident's economic status or a preexisting, long-term mental or physical
11	disability.
12	(3) When making a determination under this section, representatives
13	shall not consider their own interests, wishes, values, or beliefs.
14	(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the
15	facility shall make every reasonable effort to communicate the rights and
16	obligations established under this chapter directly to the resident.
17	Sec. 3. 14 V.S.A. § 3069(c) is amended to read:
18	(c) The court Shall grant powers to the guardian in the least
19	restrictive manner appropriate to the circumstances of the respondent
20	and consistent with any advance directive. Guardianship powers shall be
21	ordered only to the extent required by the respondent's actual mental and

1	adaptive limitations. The court <u>Court</u> shall specify which of the following
2	powers the guardian shall have and may further restrict each power so as
3	to preserve the respondent's authority to make decisions commensurate
4	with respondent's ability to do so:
5	* * *
6	(2) the power to seek, obtain, and give or withhold consent to the
7	initiation or continuation of medical or dental treatment, including a do-
8	not-resuscitate order or clinician order for life-sustaining treatment, as
9	defined in 18 V.S.A. § 9701. The power set forth in this subdivision is
10	granted subject to the provisions of section 3075 of this title and to any
11	constitutional right of the person under guardianship to refuse treatment,
12	provided that the court Court in its discretion may place limitations on the
13	guardian's powers power under this subdivision if appropriate under the
14	circumstances, including requiring prior eourt Court approval for specific
15	surgeries, procedures, or treatments;
16	* * *
17	Sec. 4. 14 V.S.A. § 3075(g) is amended to read:
18	(g)(1) The guardian shall obtain prior written approval by the Probate
19	Division of the Superior Court following notice and hearing:

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1	(D) unless the guardian is acting pursuant to an advance
2	directive or the authority to consent has been granted by the Court
3	pursuant to section 3069 of this title, before consenting to a do-not-
4	resuscitate order or clinician order for life-sustaining treatment, as
5	defined in 18 V.S.A. \S 9701(6), unless a clinician as defined in 18 V.S.A. \S
6	9701(5) certifies that the person under guardianship is likely to experience
7	cardiopulmonary arrest before Court approval can be obtained. In such
8	circumstances, the guardian shall immediately notify the Court of the
9	need for a decision, shall obtain the clinician's certification prior to
10	consenting to the do-not-resuscitate order or clinician order for life-
11	sustaining treatment, and shall file the clinician's certification with the
12	Court after consent has been given.
13	Sec. 5. RULEMAKING
14	The Department of Disabilities, Aging, and Independent Living shall
15	amend its nursing home rules to comply with 33 V.S.A. § 7306 as amended by
16	this act.
17	Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE
18	This act shall take effect on January 1, 2016.